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Cisco DNA Center 2.3.5

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Introduction

Cisco DNA Center is a powerful network controller and management dashboard that lets you take charge of your network, optimize your Cisco investment, and lower your IT spending. Cisco DNA Center provides a single dashboard for every fundamental management task to simplify running your network. With this platform, IT can respond to changes and challenges faster and more intelligently.

- Design: Design your network using intuitive workflows, starting with locations where your network devices will be deployed. Users of Cisco Prime[®] Infrastructure and the Cisco[®] Application Policy Infrastructure Controller Enterprise Module (APIC-EM) can simply import existing network designs and device images into Cisco DNA Center.
- **Policy:** Define user and device profiles that facilitate highly secure access and network segmentation based on business needs. Application policies allow your business-critical applications to provide a consistent level of performance regardless of network congestion.
- Provision: Use policy-based automation to deliver services to the network based on business priority
 and to simplify device deployment. Zero-touch device provisioning and software image management
 features reduce device installation or upgrade time from hours to minutes and bring new remote offices
 online with plug-and-play ease from an off-the-shelf Cisco device. Additionally, the Cisco Secure
 Network Analytics (formerly Stealthwatch) service provisions network elements to send NetFlow and
 Encrypted Traffic Analytics (ETA) to the analytics service.
- Assurance: Enable every point on the network to become a sensor, sending continuous streaming telemetry on application performance and user connectivity in real time. This, coupled with automatic path-trace visibility and guided remediation, means network issues are resolved in minutes before they become problems. Automated NetFlow switch configuration for Cisco Secure Network Analytics provides detection and mitigation of threats, even when they are hidden in encrypted traffic.
- **Platform:** An open and extensible platform allows third-party applications and processes to exchange data and intelligence with Cisco DNA Center. This improves IT operations by automating workflow processes based on network intelligence coming from Cisco DNA Center.



Figure 1.

Cisco DNA Center

Cisco DNA Center is a centralized intent-based network management system to bring all this functionality into an integrated controller and present it through a single pane of glass.



Figure 2. How Cisco DNA Center works

Licensing

Cisco DNA Center is a software solution that offers flexible deployment options. It can be deployed either on the Cisco DNA Center hardware appliance or as a virtual appliance on AWS. The solution receives telemetry data from network devices including switches, routers, access points, and controllers. For a device to be authorized to send data to Cisco DNA Center, that device must be included in your organization's Cisco DNA software license subscription. Cisco encourages customers to purchase complete Cisco DNA Center functionality through a Cisco DNA Advantage license subscription. Limited Cisco DNA Center functionality is also available through a Cisco DNA Essentials license subscription. Wireless, switching, and SD-WAN and routing subscriptions are available for 3- and 5-year terms; wireless and switching are also available in a 7- year term. All Cisco DNA software license subscription options include embedded Cisco software support and downloads.

The links below open matrices detailing the main features included in each respective suite.

Switching feature matrix

Wireless feature matrix

SD-WAN and routing matrix

In addition to the Cisco DNA licenses, the Cisco DNA Expansion Pack is a flexible way to purchase Cisco Identity Services Engine (ISE), Cisco Spaces, Cisco Secure Network Analytics (previously, Stealthwatch), Cisco ThousandEyes[®], and other licenses, appliances, and services in one convenient bundle. Enhance your Cisco networking solutions such as SD-Access, Cisco Zero Trust solutions, Encrypted Traffic Analytics (ETA), location analytics, and assurance. You can add the pack to your Cisco DNA software licenses and choose the license count that fits your needs.

Introduction to Smart Licensing

Cisco Smart Licensing is a flexible licensing model that provides you with an easier, faster, and more consistent way to purchase and manage software across the Cisco portfolio and across your organization. And it's secure – you control what users can access. With Smart Licensing you get:

- **Easyactivation:** Smart Licensing establishes a pool of software licenses that can be used across the entire organization—no more Product Activation Keys (PAKs).
- Unified management: My Cisco Entitlements (MCE) provides a complete view into all of your Cisco
 products and services in an easy-to-use portal, so you always know what you have and what you are
 using.
- License flexibility: Your software is not node-locked to your hardware, so you can easily use and transfer licenses as needed.

To use Smart Licensing, you must first set up a Smart Account on Cisco Software Central (software.cisco.com).

For a more detailed overview of Cisco Licensing, go to cisco.com/go/licensingguide.

Automation features

Feature	Description and benefits
Network discovery	Automatically discovers and maps network devices to a physical topology with detailed device-level data. The discovery function uses the following protocols and methods to retrieve device information, such as IP addresses, neighboring devices, and hosts connected to the device:
	Cisco Discovery Protocol
	Link Layer Discovery Protocol (LLDP) for endpoints
	• IP Device Tracking (IPDT) and Address Resolution Protocol (ARP) entries for host discovery
	LLDP Media Endpoint Discovery (LLDP-MED) for discovering IP phones and some servers
	Simple Network Management Protocol (SNMP) versions 2 and 3
Inventory	Retrieves and saves details, such as host IP addresses, MAC addresses, and network attachment points, about devices in its database. After the initial discovery, Cisco DNA Center periodically scans the network to create a "single source of truth" for IT. This inventory includes all network devices, along with an abstraction for the entire enterprise network. It keeps an updated inventory of devices and software images on that device for version control and provides data to applications (such as Software Image Management [SWIM] and Cisco EasyQoS) so that the correct device and image version are used. It allows applications to be device independent, so configuration differences between devices are not a problem.
Network design and profile- based management	Allows you to manage your network in a hierarchical fashion by letting you add areas and buildings on a geospatial map. You can start by defining your sites, then add buildings to sites and add floors with detailed floor plans to the buildings. Cisco DNA Center lets the user define profiles, which consist of common network settings such as device credentials, DHCP, DNS server, AAA server, IP address pool, etc. Wireless settings such as SSIDs and RF profiles can be created globally and customized at site levels. These profiles form the basis for network automation. Network profiles can be created for Cisco Network Function Virtualization Infrastructure Software (NFVIS), routing, firewall (including Cisco Adaptive Security Appliance [ASA]), switching, and wireless.
Cisco Network Plug and Play (PnP)	Allows off-the-shelf Cisco devices to be provisioned simply by connecting them to the network. Cisco Network PnP provides a secure, scalable, seamless, and unified zero - touch-deployment experience for customers across Cisco's entire enterprise network portfolio of wired and wireless devices. Deploy new devices in minutes, without onsite support visits. Eliminate repetitive tasks and eliminate staging. Network PnP reduces the burden on enterprises by greatly simplifying the deployment process for new devices, which can significantly lower Operating Expenditures (OpEx) as well. For more details, refer to the solution guide for the Network Plug and Play application: https://www.cisco.com/c/en/us/td/docs/solutions/Enterprise/Plug-and-Play/solution/guidexml/b_pnp-solution-guide.html
Software Image Management (SWIM)	Manages software upgrades and controls the consistency of image versions and configurations across your network. Speeds and simplifies the deployment of new software images and patches. Pre- and post-checks help ensure no adverse effects from an upgrade. This is an easy way to build a central repository of software images and apply them to devices. Administrators can mark software image as golden for a device family, allowing them to upgrade devices to the software image and patch versions that are in compliance with the golden versions defined in the repository. Patches are supported in Cisco DNA Center from intent to pre- and post-checks in the same way that we manage regular images. It also tracks when software maintenance updates, subpackages, ROM Monitor, AP Service Pack, and AP Device Pack upgrades are applied to the base image.

Table 1. Cisco DNA Center Automation features and benefits

Feature	Description and benefits
Network compliance audit and remediation	Network compliance audit feature allows network operators to quickly assess the devices that don't adhere to corporate standards. The network compliance remediation feature allows network operators to automatically sync running (production) configurations with startup configurations for all the network elements. Network operators can select one or many devices, view and validate the change, select and sync those devices, and remediate them to maintain compliance. These two features reduce human involvement and error and helps ensure that the network is running the intended configuration standards.
Device tagging	An administrator can tag network devices in order to associate devices that share a common attribute. For example, you can create a tag and use it to group devices based on a platform ID, Cisco IOS release, or location. Allows for grouping of devices based on specialized needs.
Configuration drift visibility	Allows network operators to compare any two device configuration versions in a very visual manner. Having different versions of a device configuration available allows for accurate accountability of every configuration change.
Device replacement and RMA workflows	Workflow templates allow for the replacement (RMA) of switches, routers, and access points. Includes restoration of Cisco IOS Software, configurations, and licenses. Also completes device replacement in operational systems such as Cisco ISE, certificate servers, and Cisco DNA Center inventory. Saves time and retains existing setup, licenses, and KPI trends.
Branch deployment automation	Simplified workflows for physical and virtual branch automation; day -0 router, and NFV design. Onboard WAN devices and services through these easy steps: Configure network settings, service provider, and IP pools. Design a router or virtual profile. Assign to sites and provision network devices.
Wireless automation	 Intent-based workflows for simplified wireless deployment and automation: Network profiles: a profile is a container of wireless properties that can represent single or multiple sites Simplified SSID creation Advanced RF support for wireless networks A single workflow to enable Cisco FlexConnect[®] or centralized wireless deployment PnP provisioning for APs IP Access Control List (ACL) support Access and access control policy for SD-Access Wireless only
Cisco StackWise [®] Virtual support	Base automation (inventory, discovery, SWIM, topology, and template programmer) and assurance support for Cisco Catalyst [®] 9500 and 9400 Series StackWise Virtual switches. StackWise Virtual technology on the Cisco Catalyst 9000 platform allows the clustering of two physical switches together into a single logical entity, resulting in enhancements in all areas of network design, including high availability, scalability, management, and maintenance. Customers can now use Cisco DNA Center to manage the StackWise Virtual device, along with monitoring the health and status of StackWise Virtual ports and links.
Policy creation	Allows the creation of policies based on business intent for a particular part of the network. Users can be assigned policies for the services they consume, and these policies follow them throughout the network. Policies are translated by Cisco DNA Center into network-specific and device-specific configurations that can be adjusted dynamically based on network conditions. Of foundational importance for intent-based networking, policies define the business intent that is desired and allow the network to guarantee services.

Feature	Description and benefits
Application policy creation	Allows policies to be assigned to applications based on business relevance. These applications can then be attached to sites (locations) where the policy should be applied. This feature allows business-critical applications to have greater QoS priority in the sites where their use is relevant. It is important for mission-critical applications such as machine-to-machine control in manufacturing or life-saving devices in healthcare, as well as for business-critical applications such as video in customer experience centers or voice in support sites.
Rogue management and aWIPS	Supports the detection of rogue and Cisco Adaptive Wireless Intrusion Prevention System (aWIPS) threats on your network from within Cisco DNA Center. The Rogue and aWIPS Dashboard provides detailed threat analysis and a global view of all rogue access points detected in the network, with insight into the highest priority threats so that they can be quickly identified. The Threat 360 view on this dashboard provides further details on any specific threat. This includes a map view for quick location, and all affected clients.
Meraki discovery and integration	Provides for the discovery of all Meraki devices in the network and integrates them into the Cisco DNA Center dashboard. It provides for a single pane of glass for both Cisco and Meraki devices.
Meraki wireless provisioning	Provision SSIDs in Meraki APs through Cisco DNA Center. This feature allows Meraki access points to be assigned SSIDs through Cisco DNA Center, without having to open the Meraki dashboard application.
Cisco Umbrella integration	Allows Cisco Umbrella to be deployed across sites and SSIDs from within the Cisco DNA Center dashboard. Cisco Umbrella provides DNS-layer security and is one of the quickest and most effective ways to improve your security stack. Read the blog: <u>https://blogs.cisco.com/networking/cisco-dna-center-and-cisco-umbrella-automate-your-journey-towards-dns-security</u> .

Assurance features

Table 2.	Cisco DNA Center Assurance features and benefits	

Feature	Description and benefits
Network and Client Health dashboards	Assurance dashboards that give a high-level overview of the health of every network device and client on the network, wired and wireless. They provide the top 10 global issues and allow the administrator to expand views by geographical site, device list, client list, or topology. Any poorly connected devices or communication issues are highlighted, with suggested remediation. Users can customize how the health score is computed.
Application Health dashboard	Provides a general overview of the health of all applications on the network. Includes a special section on applications that have been tagged as business relevant. Business - relevant application issues are highlighted, with suggested remediation for any anomalies.
ThousandEyes integration	Cisco ThousandEyes agents can be installed on all supported switches through a GUI- based installation process in Cisco DNA Center. The application resides on the switch's flash storage, providing significant time and cost savings to deploy ThousandEyes. Data from the ThousandEyes agents is used by Cisco DNA Center to provide visibility into application performance and help the administrator pinpoint problem domains.
Webex integration	The Webex integration shows a consolidated view of quality metrics for audio, video, and shared components and provides administrators with a single pane of glass for troubleshooting Webex performance. Network operators can quickly identify and resolve issues in Cisco DNA Center without having to switch between multiple interfaces.

Feature	Description and benefits
Cisco Al Network Analytics	Using AI and machine learning, Cisco AI Network Analytics drives intelligence in the network, empowering administrators to improve performance and issue resolution accurately and effectively. We are taking network analytics to a new level where noise and false positives are significantly reduced and enabling customers to very accurately identify issues, trends, anomalies, and root causes.
	Intelligent issue detection and analysis
	 Al-driven personalized baselining: No two networks are the same. Al-driven technologies can learn the user trends, services, and application metrics that are specific to your network. Cisco DNA Center Assurance can then create a customized performance curve for analytical decisions. The Al- driven baseline for the performance parameters that are unique to your network is constantly adapted as your network grows and changes. From there, the Al-driven analytics engine (both on premises and in the Cisco cloud) can make accurate decisions for what is normal and what is not, based on this personalized baseline.
	 Al-driven anomaly detection: The system can accurately detect performance issues and ignore unusual but harmless network anomalies. This reduces noise while accurately identifying anomalies that have the greatest impact on your network. Al-driven predictive analytics and proactive insights allow users to anticipate and prevent failures. The machine learning engine can predict increases in Wi-Fi interference, onboarding delays, office traffic load, etc. This is because, in IP networks, a problematic event is often preceded by a benign event or series of events. By learning how series of events are correlated to one another, predictive analytics can help network administrators anticipate the unexpected.
	 Al-driven accelerated remediation: Cisco Al Network Analytics provides accelerated remediation through machine learning, which identifies the most critical variables related to the root cause of a given problem. This helps users detect issues and vulnerabilities, perform complex root cause analysis (using a Machine Reasoning Engine; see below), and execute corrective actions faster than ever. In coming releases, we will enable machine reasoning to execute the logical troubleshooting steps that an engineer would perform in order to resolve a problem. Both of these capabilities accelerate remediation, making your team more precise in problem solving and more productive overall.
	• Al-driven Site Analytics: Site Analytics helps IT teams proactively identify underlying issues that can have a sitewide impact on user experience. It gives the network administrator a single view of customizable KPIs to help them understand the health of devices, users, and applications.
Machine Reasoning Engine (MRE)	Defines the next intelligence evolution and helps in complex workflows where the result of one action determines the next. It closely resembles how human beings themselves reason things out and accomplish multistep tasks. An example where Cisco DNA Center uses MRE is to find and fix potentially crippling routing loops that require a careful analysis spanning multiple devices. This allows your new IT team members to accomplish complex tasks instead of escalating them, and saves time for your more seasoned IT team members by automating tedious workflows. For more information, read the blog: https://blogs.cisco.com/networking/machine-reasoning-is-the-new-ai-ml-technology-that-will-save-you-time-and-facilitate-offsite-netops .
Wireless 3D Analyzer	The Wireless 3D Analyzer provides granular analysis of millions of spatial RF data points and the ability to visualize wireless coverage. Network operators can identify the areas most affected by RF strengths, view client locations, simulate different RF environments, and conduct spatial planning and prediction of the interior environment. After loading basic architectural structural information, network operators can enter a virtual office space and move an access point or create an imaginary wall and see the resulting impact on Wi-Fi signal propagation. The Wireless 3D Analyzer helps network operators maximize WLAN performance and identify trouble spots and WLAN design issues faster.
Wireless Network Services Analytics	View Authentication, Authorization, and Accounting (AAA) and Dynamic Host Configuration Protocol (DHCP) services for wireless devices across Cisco and all third-party servers in a global comprehensive view. This capability includes the overall health of these critical services all in one place, highlighting the worst-performing service server, site-level impact, and scope of end-user impact. This helps network operators reduce overall issue- ticket resolution time and leads to lower ticket volume.

Feature	Description and benefits
Global assurance event viewer	The global assurance event viewer gives the network administrator a consolidated view of events from all devices, where they can search and filter on the events that are most important to address. The event view allows the user to identify, correlate, and troubleshoot network issues and quickly get to the root cause.
Power over Ethernet analytics	Provides visibility into the power loads that a switch is experiencing. Endpoint devices that are pulling too much power, as well as switches that are approaching overload, are flagged. Granular visibility shows the available power on any switch for quick installation of IoT endpoint devices.
Path Trace	 Allows the operator to visualize the path of an application or service from the client through all devices and to the server. A common, and critical, troubleshooting task that normally requires 6 to 10 minutes is displayed instantly upon clicking a client or application. Troubleshoots issues along the network path. Run a path trace from source to destination to quickly get key performance statistics for each device along the network path. Identify ACLs that may be blocking or affecting the traffic flow.
True Trace	Captures live traffic on devices for path analysis. Cisco DNA Center's True Trace extends the current path trace capability and provides KPIs for each hop, granular reasons for path degradation, and downloadable packet capture files. These deep insights enable faster troubleshooting in enterprise deployments and lead to operational savings.
Application QoS (Quality of Service) support for industrial switches	Authors and pushes QoS policies to Cisco Catalyst IE3300 and IE3400 Rugged Series Switches from Cisco DNA Center's Application QoS. Applies default QoS trust settings as well as queuing settings based on Cisco Validated Designs, or writes a custom QoS policy for these devices. This removes the complexity of pushing a QoS policy and helps organizations ensure a good experience for end users in industrial environments.
Wi-Fi 6 Readiness dashboard	Prepares your network for the new Wi-Fi standard, verifying your hardware and configuration compatibility and checking your capacity readiness. This visibility will speed your upgrade and help ensure that you are upgrading the neediest locations first. After upgrading, advanced wireless analytics will indicate performance and capacity gains as a result of the Wi-Fi 6 deployment. It categorizes wireless clients by Wi-Fi version (protocol) and indicates areas where upgrade is most urgent. Shows wireless system performance following upgrade. The Wi-Fi 6 Readiness dashboard allows customers to visualize two main aspects. First, it shows the readiness of their network with respect to Wi-Fi 6 across several different sites and locations. Key aspects of the readiness assessment include how many Wi Fi 6-capable
	clients are seen in the network, whether the user has the right AP model to support Wi-Fi 6, whether the APs and Wireless LAN controllers (WLCs) are running the right OS version, whether the Wi-Fi 6 configuration is enabled, etc. Second, the dashboard allows the user to visualize the benefits of the Wi-Fi 6 network in terms of higher capacity, superior connectivity, and lower latencies on Cisco DNA Center Analytics and Assurance. After upgrading, advanced wireless analytics indicate performance and capacity gains as a result of the Wi-Fi 6 deployment. For more information, see https://blogs.cisco.com/networking/cisco-dna-your-fastest-route-to-wi-fi-6 .
Device 360 and Client 360	Provide assurance and overall health of devices, including parameters such as memory or CPU utilization, uplink availability, and other KPIs to help operators be more proactive and enable them to predict future issues. Device 360 and Client 360 help you understand what problems have happened, when and why they happened, and how much of an impact they have. They also provide suggested remediation, resolved issue lists, and historical data to help troubleshoot issues.

Feature	Description and benefits
Application Experience	Tracks performance of predefined "critical business applications." Shows user experience and performance metrics. Provides specialized rapid troubleshooting per application and per client. Enables unparalleled visibility and performance control over the applications that are critical to your core business, on a per-user basis. Multimedia monitoring uses Perfmon processing for Real-Time Protocol (RTP) streams, allowing teams to verify the quality of critical real-time applications such as multimedia. URL monitoring provides visibility into cloud-based (URL-based) applications so that their performance is optimized. Application Experience provides users the performance they need on the applications that are key to their company role.
Reporting	 Derive insights into your network and its operations by creating reports. Cisco DNA Center offers a set of pre-canned reports that can be generated in several formats and have flexible scheduling and configuration options to customize for your operational needs. Supported use cases include: Capacity planning: Understand how devices in your network are being utilized. Change of pattern: Track how usage pattern trends change on the network. Usage pattern trends may include clients, devices, bands, or applications. Operational reporting: Review reports about network operations, such as upgrade completions or provisioning failures. Network health: Determine the overall health of your network through reports.
Wireless Sensor dashboard	Shows overall tests, connectivity statistics, and top wireless issues discovered by Cisco Aironet Active Sensors. Includes test results for DHCP, DNS, host reachability, RADIUS, email, Microsoft Exchange Server, web, FTP, and a complete IP SLA for data throughput speed, latency, jitter, and packet loss. Provides guided remediation for any test failures.
Streaming telemetry	Enables network devices to send near-real-time telemetry information to Cisco DNA Center. The data can be used to optimize networks, locate where problems occur, and investigate issues in a collaborative manner. Telemetry data (events, KPIs) can be exported and surfaced through event-driven notifications.
Traffic Telemetry Appliance	This hardware solution collects networking data, processes it, and provides streaming telemetry to Cisco DNA Center. This can be useful in areas of your network where you do not have devices that support the types of telemetry that you need to collect from the local network, including NetFlow, Application Visibility and Control (AVC), Network-Based Application Recognition (NBAR), NBAR2, etc. This appliance can also perform Deep Packet Inspection (DPI) on network traffic in order to support Cisco AI Endpoint Analytics. This is a strong solution for areas with only Layer-2 network devices or for branch offices with third-party switches that do not support transmission of real-time telemetry. For more information, see the data sheet: https://www.cisco.com/c/en/us/products/collateral/cloud-systems-management/dna-traffic-telemetry-appliances/datasheet-c78-744352.html .
Network time travel	 Allows the operator to see device or client performance in a timeline view to understand the network state when an issue occurred. Allows an operator to go back in time up to 14 days and see the cause of a network issue, instead of trying to re-create the issue in a lab. Rewind time to when the issue occurred See a history of critical events View all the information on the user or network device changes to the selected time

Feature	Description and benefits
On-device analytics	Assurance and analytics are performed on the Cisco switch, router, or wireless controller where the anomaly was discovered. Critical metrics can be identified and immediately acted on before an incident occurs. KPIs that are core to business operations can be maintained in real time, and close to the users that rely on them.
Connectivity analytics for Apple iOS, Samsung and Intel devices	Detailed analytics and insights from the device's point of view, without the need for installing an agent on the device.
Intelligent Capture	Provides support for a direct communication link between Cisco DNA Center and APs, so that each of the APs can communicate with Cisco DNA Center directly. Using this channel, Cisco DNA Center can receive packet capture data, AP and client statistics, and spectrum data. With the direct communication link between Cisco DNA Center and APs, Cisco Intelligent Capture allows you access to data from APs that is not available from the wireless controllers.
ServiceNow and IT Service Management (ITSM) closed loop integration	Cisco DNA Center can now auto-resolve open ticket numbers in ServiceNow and other ITSM platforms. When Cisco DNA Center Assurance detects that a fault has been resolved, it will check for an ITSM ticket number. If one exists, it will send a ticket status change with the ticket number to the ITSM system, which will automatically close the open ticket in that system.

SD-Access features

Table 3. SD-Access features and benefits

Feature	Description
Enhanced visibility into endpoints and traffic patterns	The Endpoint Analytics application in Cisco DNA Center identifies and classifies endpoint devices on a campus network with the use of AI/ML. Through the use of various profiling methods, including Deep Packet Inspection (DPI), it establishes visibility into what is on the network so that new endpoints can be authenticated and assigned an appropriate policy for network usage, security, and segmentation.
	Group-based policy analytics simplify the delivery of segmentation policies. It uses analytical models to visualize the activity between endpoint profiles, scalable groups, and host groups in order to verify that the network policies are optimizing performance and security. The feature provides a way for users and endpoints to be identified and categorized, and for granular access privileges to be provided to the resources that each endpoint requires, while segmenting them from everything else.
Granular multilevel segmentation	SD-Access, through Cisco DNA Center, creates virtual overlays over the underlying physical infrastructure and segments the network without regard to its topology. SD-Access also segments at a micro level by enforcing group-based policies through the network infrastructure. The resulting granular segmentation controls traffic flows without using complex firewalls and Access Control Lists (ACLs), which can be difficult and costly to maintain.
	Benefits of fabric infrastructure optimizations:
	 Automates VRF configurations (lines of business, departments, etc.) and create overlay virtual networks
	• Onboards users with 802.1X, MAB, Active Directory, and static authentication. With an option to move users in a critical VLAN during the unavailability of ISE.
	 Includes a resilient control-plane architecture using LISP pub/sub that allows for dynamic path optimization toward available internet services. It simplifies fabric site design, routing convergence, and troubleshooting tasks.
	• Simplifies network operations with a standard, error-free underlay network using LAN automation
	• Uses Encrypted Traffic Analytics (ETA) to further enhance analysis of traffic through AVC and NetFlow

eature	Description
	Ease of migration to SD-Access fabric:
	• Layer-2 handoff at border is a key capability, allowing hosts in an SD-Access fabric to communicate with the traditional network at Layer 2.
	 Fabric provides support for end hosts that require Layer-2 flooding; for example, building manageme systems, audio-visual equipment, etc.
	 SD-Access introduces the support of existing access VLANs, allowing users to retain their existing access VLAN IDs when creating macro segments in the fabric. Customers can retain existing acces VLAN IDs when connecting directly to the SD-Access fabric edge to simplify and speed up their SD- Access segmentation journey.
	 Macrosegmentation without ISE capability is suited for deployments that have fabric at the distributio layer connecting downstream to an external Layer-2 switching domain. Customers can deploy an automated network fabric and use macrosegmentation with virtual networks without ISE.
	Deployment flexibility with SD-Access fabric:
	 SD-Access offers a distributed campus design with automated intersite connectivity with end-to-end policy and segmentation.
	 Fabric in a Box allows the border node, control plane node, and edge node to run on the same fabri node, simplifying fabric deployment for a small site or a branch.
	 SD-Access extended nodes extend the enterprise network by providing connectivity to non-carpete spaces of an enterprise. This allows network connectivity and management of IoT devices and the deployment of traditional enterprise end devices in outdoor and non-carpeted environments, such a distribution centers, warehouses, or campus parking lots.
	SD-Access fabric offers two options for integrating wireless access:
	 SD-Access Wireless using a VXLAN distributed data plane and a centralized control plane provide a consistent fabric experience and policy simplification for wired and wireless access.
	 Over the top involves running a traditional Cisco Unified Wireless Network architecture with Contro and Provisioning of Wireless Access Points (CAPWAPs) on top of a fabric wired network. This is a possible migration step to full SD-Access wireless implementation.
	• Multisite remote border feature allows users to segregate untrusted traffic from various fabric sites to firewall at the DMZ.
	 Fabric zone features allow administrators to control the provisioning of IP subnets on select fabric edge nodes for better site scalability and security.
	 SD-Access supports IPv4 as well as IPv6 endpoints.
	 Cisco SD-Access offers support for the Cisco Wide Area Bonjour application, allowing users to discover and use shared services with minimal intervention and configuration.
	 Secure network device onboarding of Catalyst 9000 extended nodes using 802.1X-based authentication and authorization.
	Simplified fabric operations:
	SD-Access Assurance allows users to detect, diagnose, and troubleshoot fabric issues in reatime with minimized downtime and a better experience. The newly introduced SD-Access Assurance landing page contains overall fabric health for each fabric site deployed. KPIs configured on the fabric nodes provide insights for faster issue identification and suggested actions to remediate issues. KPIs are organized into categories to quickly triage control plane infrastructure, and connectivity issues.
	 Fabric control plane provides reachability checks between the fabric edge/border and the fabric control plane node.
	 Fabric infrastructure validates the AAA server status from the fabric edge and policy extended node to the Identity Services Engine (ISE).
	 Fabric connectivity provides reachability checks from the edge to the fabric border, and control-plan and port- channel connectivity checks between the fabric edge and the extended nodes.
	• Support for ThousandEyes Agent on Catalyst 9000 switches operating in an SD-Access Fabric role. This provides the ability to run tests that provide performance metrics and end-to-end visibility.
	Fabric UX2.0 provides administrators with an enhanced experience in the user interface that integrates simplicity, flexibility, and a rich, intuitive context.

Feature	Description
Continuous verification of trust	Trust Analytics is an aggregation of various inputs and sources into a single, comprehensive, flexible trust score. Trust Analytics detects traffic from endpoints that are exhibiting unusual behavior. When anomalies in the network are detected, Trust Analytics lowers the trust score for the endpoint to limit or completely deny access to the network through integration with ISE. The feature expedites the detection and containment of untrustworthy endpoints that could lead to a security breach.

System and platform capabilities

Table 4. Cisco DNA Center system capabilities

Feature	Description and benefits
Role-Based Access Control (RBAC)	Allows users to be mapped to one of the four predefined roles. The role determines what types of operations a user can perform within the system.
Backup and restore	Supports complete backup and restore of the entire database for added protection.
ISE integration	Integrates with ISE through pxGrid or API for fabric overlay support.
Workflows	Cisco DNA Center workflows are step-by-step guides through particular tasks; for example, "Create a role," "Refresh AP," etc. Workflows can be paused and revisited through the "in- progress" library on the workflow homepage. The workflow homepage can be found by clicking the menu icon on the GUI and clicking on "Workflows." The home page will have a library of workflows along with in-progress workflows.
Activity center	The activity center is a centralized space to find audit logs and scheduled tasks. Audit logs record system events that occurred, when and where they occurred, and which users initiated them. With audit logging, configuration changes to the system are logged in separate log files for auditing. The Scheduled Tasks tab allows you to view upcoming, in-progress, completed, and failed administrative tasks, such as OS updates or device replacements.
FIPS 140-2 support	Cisco DNA Center includes support for FIPS-140-2-compliant cryptography modules, ensuring that only strong NIST-approved ciphers are used, and enabling deployment in security-conscious verticals such as public sector, finance, and healthcare. During installation, the administrator can choose to enable FIPS, which will ensure only NIST- approved ciphers are used for data encryption.

Table 5. Cisco DNA Center platform capabilities

Feature	Description and benefits						
Northbound REST APIs	The Cisco DNA Center platform supports Representational State Transfer (REST) APIs at the northbound layer for programmability. The Cisco DNA Center API provides support for the following features:						
	Discovery, device inventory, and network topology						
	• SWIM, Plug and Play (PnP), wireless, SD-Access, and application policy						
	 Template programmer and command runner 						
	Assurance: site, device, and client health-monitoring and path tracing						
	NFV provisioning						
	Configuring event management notifications through APIs						
IT Service Management (ITSM) integration	Minimizes the need for handoffs, deduplicates issues, and optimizes processes for proactive insights and faster remediation. Out-of-the-box integration exists with ServiceNow. The generic APIs exposed by the Cisco DNA Center platform enable partners and developers to integrate with any ITSM system.						
IP Address Management (IPAM) integration	Allows for a seamless import of IP pools for Cisco DNA Center workflows from external IPAM systems and the synchronization of IP pool and subpool usage information between the two systems. Out-of-the-box integration exists with Infoblox and BlueCat. The Cisco DNA Center platform provides generic APIs to integrate with any IPAM system.						
Events and notifications	The Cisco DNA Center platform webhooks allow third-party applications to receive notifications and listen to any events detected by Cisco DNA Center Assurance, automation, and other task-based operational workflows.						

Table 6. Correlated insights

Category	Insights
Wireless insights	Client onboarding
an analysis	Association failures
	Authentication failures
	IP address failures
	Client exclusion
	Excessive onboarding time
	Excessive authentication time
	Excessive IP addressing time
	AAA, DHCP reachability
	Client experience
	Throughput analysis
	Roaming pattern analysis
	Sticky client
	Slow roaming
	Excessive roaming
	RF, roaming pattern
	• Dual-band clients prefer 2.4 GHz
	Excessive interference
	Apple iOS client disconnect
	Network coverage and capacity

Category	Insights
	Coverage hole
	AP license utilization
	Client capacity
	Radio utilization
	Network device monitoring
	• Availability
	Crash, AP join failure
	High availability
	• CPU, memory
	Flapping AP, hung radio
	Power supply failures
Sensor issues	Sensor onboarding
	Association failures
	Authentication failures
	IP address failures
	Sensor exclusion
	Excessive onboarding time Excessive authentication time
	 Excessive IP addressing time AAA, DHCP reachability
	Sensor experience
	Throughput analysis
	Outlook web response time
	Web server response time
	SSH server response time
	Mail server response time
	FTP server response time
	Excessive radio interference
Routing issues	Router health
	High CPU
	High memory
	Routing technologies
	BGP AS mismatch, flap
	OSPF adjacency failure
	Enhanced Interior Gateway Routing Protocol (EIGRP) adjacency failure
	Connectivity
	Interface high utilization
	LAN connectivity down/flap

Category	Insights
Switching issues (nonfabric)	Client onboarding Client or device DHCP Client or device DNS Client authentication or authorization Switch CPU, memory, temperature Modules Power over Ethernet (PoE) power Ternary Content-Addressable Memory (TCAM) table
SD-Access issues	Border and edge reachability • Control plane reachability • Edge reachability • Border reachability • Routing protocol • MAP server Data plane • Border and edge connectivity • Border node health • Access node health • Network services DHCP, DNS, AAA Policy plane • ISE or pxGrid connectivity • Border node policy • Edge node policy • Edge node policy • Edge node policy • Client or device DHCP • Client or device DNS • Client authentication or authorization Switch • CPU, memory, temperature • Modules • PoE power • TCAM table

SD-Access requirements

Cisco DNA Center	ISE personas in	Edge node	Border node	Control plane node	Wireless LAN	Access point
nodes in a cluster	distributed deployment	Eugenode	Border Hode	Control plane node	controller	Access point
	msec 300 msec TT RTT	fE	BN	CP	₩C 2000000	
200	(DTT)+					
300 msec	(RTT)*) ecution time could be experience	ed for certain ever	ts with latency higher than	200 msec: latency beyon	id 300 msec is not su	pported
	ec (RTT)**		te that latency higher than	Loo mood, laterioy beyon		pportou.
I	ecution time could be experier	nced for certain eve	ents with latency higher that	n 100 msec; latency beyo	nd 200 msec is not s	upported.
	ec (RTT)**		, .			
** Longer	execution time could be exper	ienced for certain e	vents with latency higher t	han 100 msec; latency be	yond 200 msec is no	t supported.
	100 msec RTT ***					
	100 msec RTT ***	ł		100 msec F	RTT 20 msec	RTT
	100 msec RTT ***	κ.				
		(Network Access D ed on RADIUS requ	evice) communication, incl irements.	uding TrustSec, uses RAD	DIUS; RTT	

Figure 3.

Maximum latency supported, roundtrip time. Latency Requirements and Round-Trip Time (RTT): The latency between the DNA Center appliance and a managed device should be ~100 milliseconds RTT or less. Longer execution times could be experienced for certain events after 100 milliseconds, such as Inventory Collection, Fabric Provisioning, and Image Update (SWIM). Cisco does not support a Round-Trip Time (RTT) of more than 200 milliseconds.

SD-Access platform scale

The following tables outline the Cisco SD-Access platform scale. The limits in this section are not necessarily dependent on Cisco DNA Center, but rather the model of device and its capacity design.

Cisco SD-	Cisco SD-Access control plane node scale													
Family	Cisco C	Cisco Catalyst											ASR 1000 4000 Series ISR	CSR
Device	3850	6800	9300/L	9300X	9400 Sup- XL/Y	9400X	9500	9500X	9500H	9600	9600X	8 GB RAM	16 GB RAM	1000v
Endpoints	3000	50,000	16,000	32,000	80,000	112,000	80,000	1,000,000	150,000	150,000	1,000,000	100,000	200,000	200,000

 Table 7.
 Cisco SD-Access control plane node scale

The control-plane scale does not depend on Ternary Content-Addressable Memory (TCAM); it only consumes memory.

Table 8.Cisco SD-Access border node scale

Cisco SD-	isco SD-Access border node scale														
Family	Cisco Catalyst												Cisco Nexus¹	ASR 1000, 4000 Series ISR	ASR 1000, 4000 Series ISR
Device	3850	6840/ 6880LE	6880XL	9300/L	9300X	9400 Sup- XL/Y SD- Access sdm template	9400X	9500 SD - Access sdm template	9500H	9500X	9600	9600X	7700	8 GB RAM	16 GB RAM
Virtual networks ²	64	128	128	256	256	256	1000	256	256	1000	256	1000	128	128	128
IPv4 routes	8000	60,000	450,000	8000	32,000	64,000	96,000	64,000	48,000	512,000	48,000	512,000	500,000	1,000,000	4,000,000
Fabric host entries ³ (host /32 or /128)	16,000	180,000	450,000	16,000	32,000	70,000	96,000	70,000	150,000	512,000	150,000	512,000	32,000	1,000,000	4,000,000
IPv4: SGT bindings	12,000	256,000	256,000	10,000	32,000	40,000	109,000	40,000	40,000	200,000	200,000	200,000	200,000	750,000	750,000
SGT/DGT policies	4000	30,000	30,000	8000	7400	8000	32,000	8000	16,000	32,000	32,000	32,000	16,000	64,000	64,000
SG-ACEs (contract actions)	1500	12,000	30,000	5000	4800	18,000	16,000	18,000	13,000	4000	27,000	4000	128,000	64,000	64,000

¹ Cisco Nexus 7700 Series Switch can be an external border only.

² Virtual network scale also depends on the Cisco DNA Center platform VN scale. See Table 7 for SD-Access scale.

³ If an endpoint has multiple IPv4 or IPv6 addresses, then each address will be counted as an individual entry.

Fabric host entries include access points and classic and policy-extended nodes.

Additional border node scale considerations:

/32 (IPv4) or /128 (IPv6) entries are used when the border node forwards traffic from outside the fabric to a host in the fabric.

For all switches except Cisco Catalyst 9500 Series High Performance Switches and Cisco Catalyst 9600 Series Switches:

- IPv4 uses one TCAM entry (fabric host entries) for every IPv4 IP address.
- IPv6 uses two TCAM entry (fabric host entries) for every IPv6 IP address.

For the Cisco Catalyst 9500 Series High Performance Switches and Cisco Catalyst 9600 Series Switches:

- IPv4 uses one TCAM entry (fabric host entries) for every IPv4 IP address.
- IPv6 uses one TCAM entry (fabric host entries) for every IPv6 IP address.

 Table 9.
 Cisco SD-Access Layer-2 handoff border node scale considerations

Cisco SD-,	Cisco SD-Access Layer-2 handoff border node scale considerations													
Family	Cisco Cata	Cisco Catalyst										Nexus	ASR 1000, 4000 Series ISR	ASR 1000, 4000 Series ISR
Device	3850	6800	9300/L	9300X	9400	9400X	9500	9500H	9500X	9600	9600X	7700	8 GB RAM	16 GB RAM
Endpoints	Supported	Supported	8,000	32,000	16,000	100,000	16,000	32,000	256,000	32,000	256,000	NOT supported	NOT supported	NOT supported

These numbers are the sum of the total numbers of endpoints both inside and outside the fabric site when the site has a border node with a Layer-2 handoff.

A maximum of 6000 hosts can be connected outside the fabric for all platforms that support Layer -2 border handoff.

The border node with a Layer-2 handoff contains a combination of local and remote LISP entries.

Local entries = LISP database

Remote entries = LISP map-cache

Example:

The Cisco Catalyst 9300 Series Switches supports 8000 total entries.

If the fabric site has 6000 endpoints (map-cache), then only 2000 endpoints (database) can be in the traditional network beyond the Layer-2 handoff.

Table 10.	Cisco SD-Access edge node scale
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Cisco SD-	Cisco SD-Access edge node scale											
Family	Cisco C	atalyst				Cisco Catalyst						
Device	3650	3850	4500	9200CX	9200- L	9200	9200 Enhanced VNs	9300/L	9300X	9400	9400X	9500/H
Virtual networks	64	64	64	16	1 ¹	4 ²	32 ³	256	256	256	1000	256
Endpoints	2000	4000	4000	4000	2000	4000	4000	6000	18,000	6000	70,000	6000
IPv4: SGT bindings	12,000	12,000	128,000	10,000	8000	10,000	10,000	10,000	32,000	40,000	109,000	40,000
SGT/DGT policies	4000	4000	2000	2000	2000	2000	2000	8000	7400	8000	32,000	8000
SG-ACEs (contract actions)	1350	1350	64,000	1200	1,000	1000	1000	5000	4800	18,000	16,000	18,000

¹ 9200-L = One (1) user-defined VN (VRF)

² 9200 = Four (4) user-defined VNs (VRFs)

³ 9200 "Enhanced VN" SKUs = Thirty-two (32) user-defined VNs (VRFs)

Additional notes:

INFRA_VN is not a VRF definition. It is associated with the global routing table.

DEFAULT_VN is not user-defined; it is automatically created in Cisco DNA Center. It is present for historical (backward-compatibility) reasons; its use is neither necessary nor recommended.

DEFAULT_VN, if used in host onboarding, is provisioned as a VRF definition and counts as a "user-defined VN."

Table 11. Cisco SD-Access WLC scale

Cisco SD-Access WLC scale			
Device	Number of access points	Number of clients	
Aironet 3504	150	3000	
Aironet 5520	1500	20,000	
Aironet 8540	6000	40,000	
Catalyst 9800-L	250	5000	
Catalyst 9800-40	2000	32,000	
Catalyst 9800-80	6000	64,000	
Catalyst 9800-CL (4 CPU/8 GB RAM)	1000	10,000	
Catalyst 9800-CL (6 CPU/16 GB RAM)	3000	32,000	
Catalyst 9800-CL (10 CPU/32 GB RAM)	6000	64,000	

Table 12. Cisco SD-Access wireless edge node scale for directly connected access points and endpoints

Cisco SD-Access wireless edge node scale for directly connected access points and endpoints				
Family	Cisco Catalyst			
Device	9200-L 9200 ¹ 9300-L ¹			
Access points	Not supported 25 50			
Wireless endpoints	Not supported	500	1000	

¹ A single switch and a switch stack have the same scale.

The switches listed above have a limit on the number of access tunnels that can be created on them. An access tunnel is created between the fabric edge node and a fabric-mode AP that is either directly attached or attached through a directly-connect extended node.

Table 13. Cisco SD-Access embedded wireless controller scale	Table 13.	Cisco SD-Access	embedded	wireless	controller scale
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Cisco SD-Access embedded wireless controller scale					
Family	Cisco Catalyst				
Device	9200/L 9300-L 9300 9400 9500/H				
Access points	Not supported	50	200	200	200
Wireless endpoints	Not supported	1000	4000	4000	4000

The embedded wireless scale is the same irrespective of the role of the device (edge, Fabric in a Box, border, or control plane).

Meraki integration

For existing Meraki branch customers who want to explore using Cisco DNA Center and Cisco Catalyst 9000 switches, or for customers with mixed environments, Cisco DNA Center now offers a single management pane of glass. This is an API-driven dashboard integration that supports all existing Meraki hardware and software at no additional license cost.

Meraki Dashboard	Cisco DNA Center
Cisco Meraki Devices	Cisco Physical and Virtual Devices

Figure 4.

Meraki and Cisco DNA Center integration

Features and benefits of Meraki integration:

- Single dashboard inventory across all platforms (Meraki, Cisco Catalyst, Cisco Integrated Services Routers [ISRs], and Aironet)
- Up-or-down status of all devices in a single platform
- Use existing Meraki API keys; no additional license required
- Combined topology mapping of hybrid environments
- Ability to assign SSIDs to Meraki access points from within Cisco DNA Center

Appliance scale

Cisco DNA Center offers flexible deployment options. It can be deployed on a hardware appliance or as a virtual appliance on AWS.

The second-generation (Gen2) of the Cisco DNA Center appliance is available in three form factors and comes with the Cisco DNA Center image preloaded on it and ready for installation.

Tables 14 and 15 capture the scale information for Cisco DNA Center when deployed on physical appliances.

Table 14. Scale	and hardware	specifications
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SKU	DN-SW-APL	DN2-HW-APL	DN2-HW-APL-L	DN2-HW-APL-XL
Description	Cisco DNA Center Virtual Appliance	Cisco UCS C220 M5 Rack Server 44 cores	Cisco UCS C220 M5 Rack Server 56 cores	Cisco UCS C480 M5 Rack Server 112 cores
Cisco DNA Center system scale				
Devices ¹ (switch, router, wireless controller) (non-fabric)	1000	1000	2000	5000
Devices ¹ (switch, router, wireless controller) (fabric)	2000	2000	4000	8000
Wireless access points (non- fabric)	4000	4000	6000	13,000
Wireless access points (fabric)	3000	3000	4000	10,000
Wireless sensors	600	600	800	1600
Concurrent endpoints	25,000	25,000	40,000	100,000
Transient endpoints (over 14-day period)	75,000	75,000	120,000	250,000
Ratio of endpoints to wired wireless	Any Any	Any Any	Any Any	Any Any
Site elements	2500	2500	5000	10,000
Wireless controllers	500	500	1000	2000
Ports ²	48,000	48,000	192,000	768,000
API rate limit	50 APIs/min	50 APIs/min	50 APIs/min	50 APIs/min
NetFlow flows/sec	30,000	30,000	48,000	120,000
Concurrent software image updates	100	100	100	100

SKU	DN-SW-APL	DN2-HW-APL	DN2-HW-APL-L	DN2-HW-APL-XL
Description	Cisco DNA Center Virtual Appliance	Cisco UCS C220 M5 Rack Server 44 cores	Cisco UCS C220 M5 Rack Server 56 cores	Cisco UCS C480 M5 Rack Server 112 cores
Cisco DNA Center SD-Access scale				
Devices ¹ (switch, router, wireless controller)	2000	2000	4000	8000
Wireless access points	3000	3000	4000	10,000
Fabric domains	10	10	20	20
Fabric sites	500	500	1000	2000
	Cisco DNA Center	Scale per Fabric Site		
Layer 3 Virtual Networks	64/site	64/site	128/site	256/site
Fabric devices	500/site	500/site	600/site	1200/site
Scalable groups	4000	4000	4000	4000
Access contracts	500	500	500	500
Group-based policies	25,000	25,000	25,000	25,000
IP pools ^{3,4,5}	100 ⁶	100 ⁶	3007	1000 ⁸
Layer 2 Virtual Networks ^{3,4,5}	100 ⁶	100 ⁶	3007	1000 ⁸

Note:

¹ Switch stacks, StackWise Virtual pairs, VSS pairs, and WLC HA SSO pairs each count as a single device.

² Includes all physical ports except the console ports. Includes redundancy ports (RPs) on WLCs.

³ Adding additional Fabric Sites to a SD-Access deployment does not increase any Cisco DNA Center system scale parameter. For example, 1000 concurrent endpoints spread over 10 Fabric Sites and 1000 concurrent endpoints in a single Fabric Site both contribute equally to system scale.

⁴ Cisco DNA Center supports a maximum of 1.5 million separate interfaces on managed devices. Interfaces include both physical and virtual interfaces such as Switched Virtual Interfaces (SVIs), loopbacks, tunnels, LISP, and so on.

⁵ A Layer 2 Virtual Network is a Layer 2 segment in SD-Access with no Anycast Gateway in the Fabric Site; a Layer 2 Virtual Network does not use an IP pool.

⁶ Per Fabric Site, the sum of IP pools plus Layer 2 Virtual Networks must not exceed 200.

⁷ Per Fabric Site, the sum of IP pools plus Layer 2 Virtual Networks must not exceed 600.

⁸ Per Fabric Site, the sum of IP pools plus Layer 2 Virtual Networks must not exceed 1000.

Table 15. Scale for 3-node DN2-HW-APL-XL cluster

Description	Supported scale
Devices (switch, router, wireless controller)	10,000
Wireless access points	25,000
Concurrent endpoints	300,000
Transient endpoints (over 14-day period)	750,000
NetFlow	250,000 flows/sec

Hardware appliance specifications

The Cisco DNA Center appliance is available in three form factors and comes with the Cisco DNA Center image preloaded on it and ready for installation. For more detailed information on these Cisco UCS appliances, click on the data sheet link beside each hardware series in Table 16.

Table 16.	Physical	specifications
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Physical specifications	DN2-HW-APL and DN2-HW-APL-L	DN2-HW-APL-XL
Part number for ordering	DN2-HW-APL and DN2-HW-APL-L	DN2-HW-APL-XL
Hardware series	UCSC-C220-M5SX (data sheet)	UCSC-C480-M5 (data sheet)
Power supply	Dual 770W AC	Hot-pluggable, redundant 1600W AC
Physical dimensions (H x W x D)	Height: 1.7 in. (4.32 cm) Width: 16.89 in. (43.0 cm); including handles:18.98 in. (48.2 cm) Depth: 29.8 in. (75.6 cm); including handles: 30.98 in. (78.7 cm)	Height: 6.9 in. (17.6 cm) Width: 19 in. (48.3 cm) Depth including handles and power supplies: 32.7 in. (83.0 cm)
Temperature: operating	1° to 95°F (5° to 35°C) Derate the maximum temperature by 1°C per every 1000 ft. (305 m) of altitude above sea level.	1° to 95°F (5° to 35°C) Derate the maximum temperature by 1°C per every 1000 ft. (305 m) of altitude above sea level.
Temperature: nonoperating	-40° to 149°F (-40° to 65°C)	-40° to 149°F (-40° to 65°C)
Humidity: operating	10% to 90%, noncondensing at 82° F (28° C)	10% to 90%, noncondensing at 82° F (28° C)
Humidity: nonoperating	5% to 93% at 82° F (28° C)	5% to 93% at 82° F (28° C)
Altitude: operating	0 to 3000 m (0 to 10,000 ft)	0 to 3000 m (0 to 10,000 ft)
Altitude: nonoperating	0 to 12,192 m (0 to 40,000 ft)	0 to 12,192 m (0 to 40,000 ft)

Physical specifications	DN2-HW-APL and DN2-HW-APL-L	DN2-HW-APL-XL		
Network and management I/O	Supported connectors:	Supported connectors:		
	One 1 Gigabit Ethernet dedicated management port	One 1 Gigabit Ethernet dedicated management port		
	Two 1 Gigabit BASE-T Ethernet LAN ports	Two 1 Gigabit BASE-T Ethernet LAN ports		
	One RS-232 serial port (RJ-45 connector)	One RS-232 serial port (RJ-45 connector)		
	One 15-pin VGA2 connector	One 15-pin VGA2 connector		
	Two USB 3.0 connectors	Three USB 3.0 connectors		
	One front-panel KVM connector that is used with a KVM cable, which provides two USB 2.0s, one VGA, and one serial (DB-9) connector	One front-panel KVM connector that is used with a KVM cable, which provides two USB 2.0s, one VGA, and one serial (DB-9) connector		
Regulatory standards compliand	Regulatory standards compliance: Safety and EMC			
Regulatory compliance	Products should comply with CE Markings according to directives 2004/108/EC and 2006/95/EC			
Safety	NEBS • UL 60950-1 Second Edition • CAN/CSA-C22.2 No. 60950-1 Second Edition • EN 60950-1 Second Edition • IEC 60950-1 Second Edition • AS/NZS 60950-1 • GB4943			
EMC: Emissions	 GB4943 47CFR Part 15 (CFR 47) Class A AS/NZS CISPR22 Class A CISPR22 Class A EN55022 Class A ICES003 Class A VCCI Class A EN61000-3-2 			

EN61000-3-3
KN22 Class A
CNS13438 Class A

EN55024
CISPR24
EN300386
KN35 KN24

EMC: Immunity

Virtual appliance requirements

Cisco DNA Center can be deployed as a virtual appliance on AWS. For the system requirements, see Table 17.

 Table 17.
 Virtual appliance requirements

Specification	Requirement
Instance type	r5a.8xlarge
Cores	32vCPU
RAM	256 GB
Storage	4 TB
Storage type	GP3 EBS

Fabric VN scale

Table 18 captures the fabric VN limits for devices in the fabric when deploying Cisco DNA Center Release 2.3.4.

Table 18.Fabric VN limits (The current maximum VRF validation is based on a lower limit of 1 and an upper limit of 128,
even if the device can support more than 128.)

Device series	Max VRFs
Cisco Catalyst 3650 Series Switches	64
Cisco Catalyst 3850 Series Switches	64
Cisco Catalyst 4500 Series Switches	64
Cisco Catalyst 6800 Series Switches	1000 (128)
Cisco Catalyst 6500 Series Switches	1000 (128)
Data center switches (Cisco Nexus 7000 Series Switches)	4000 (128)
Cisco Cloud Services Router 1000V Series	4000 (128)
Cisco ASR 1000 Series Aggregation Services Routers	4000 (128)
Cisco 4000 Series Integrated Services Routers	4000 (128)
Cisco 4400 Series Integrated Services Routers	4000 (128)
Cisco 4200 Series Integrated Services Routers	4000 (128)
Cisco 4300 Series Integrated Services Routers	4000 (128)
Cisco Catalyst 9300/9300X Series Switches	256
Cisco Catalyst 9300 L Series Switches	256

Device series	Max VRFs
Cisco Catalyst 9500 Series Switches	256
Cisco Catalyst 9500H Series Switches	256
Cisco Catalyst 9400 Series Switches	256
Cisco Catalyst 9200-L Switch Stack	1
Cisco Catalyst 9200 Switch Stack	4
Cisco Catalyst 9200-24PB Switch	32
Cisco Catalyst 9200-48PB Switch	32
Cisco Catalyst 9600 Series Switches	256

Roles and privileges

Table 19.	Role-based acce	ess control
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Role	Privilege
Network-Admin-Role	Users with this role have full access to all of the network-related Cisco DNA Center functions. They do not have access to system-related functions, such as application management, users (except for changing their own passwords), and backup and restore.
Observer-Role	Users with this role have view-only access to all Cisco DNA Center functions.
Telemetry-Admin-Role	Users with this role have the ability to perform system-level functions within Cisco DNA Center.
Super-Admin-Role	Users with this role have full access to all of the Cisco DNA Center functions. They can create other user profiles with various roles, including those with the Super-Admin-Role.

Compatibility matrix

Cisco DNA Center provides coverage for Cisco enterprise switching, routing, and mobility products. For a complete list of Cisco products supported, please see our compatibility matrix, which is updated regularly.

Cisco DNA Center compatibility matrix:

https://www.cisco.com/c/dam/en/us/td/docs/Website/enterprise/dnac_compatibility_matrix/index.html

Cisco SD-Access compatibility matrix:

https://www.cisco.com/c/dam/en/us/td/docs/Website/enterprise/sda_compatibility_matrix/index.html

Cisco environmental sustainability

Information about Cisco's environmental sustainability policies and initiatives for our products, solutions, operations, and extended operations or supply chain is provided in the "Environment Sustainability" section of Cisco's <u>Corporate Social Responsibility</u> (CSR) Report.

Reference links to information about key environmental sustainability topics (mentioned in the "Environment Sustainability" section of the CSR Report) are provided in the following table.



Sustainability topic	Reference
Information on product material content laws and regulations	Materials
Information on electronic waste laws and regulations, including products, batteries, and packaging	WEEE compliance

Reference links to **product-specific environmental sustainability information** that is mentioned in relevant sections of this data sheet are provided in Table 21:

Table 21.	Links to product-specific environmental sustainability information
-----------	--

Sustainability topic	Reference	
General		
Product compliance	Safety and compliance information	
Power		
Power supply	Power supplies and typical and maximum power specifications	
Material		
Dimensions	Physical dimensions	

Cisco makes the packaging data available for informational purposes only. It may not reflect the most current legal developments, and Cisco does not represent, warrant, or guarantee that it is complete, accurate, or up to date. This information is subject to change without notice.

Product usage telemetry

Product usage telemetry provides valuable information about the status and capabilities of the Cisco DNA Center appliance. Cisco DNA Center is configured to automatically connect and transmit product usage data to Cisco. Product usage telemetry is used by Cisco to improve appliance lifecycle management for IT teams who have deployed Cisco DNA. Collecting this data helps the product teams serve customers better. This data and related insights enable Cisco to proactively identify potential issues, improve services and support, facilitate discussions to gather additional value from new and existing features, and assist IT teams with inventory report of license entitlement and upcoming renewals.

All product usage telemetry data is transmitted to Cisco through an encrypted channel. The categories of data collected in the product usage telemetry are the Cisco.com ID, system telemetry, feature usage telemetry and network device (for example, switch or router) inventory, and license entitlement. The collection of product usage telemetry will be enabled by default and cannot be disabled from the product. Customers may contact the Cisco Technical Assistance Center (TAC) for changes in collection settings.

For detailed product usage telemetry information collected, please see Table 22. . .

Table 22. Cisco DNA Center product usage telemetry usage and benefits*	
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Category	Data elements	Purpose of collection
Cisco.com	• Cisco.com user ID	Identify customer account
System	 Deployment information (Cisco DNA Center appliance serial number, Cisco DNA Center appliance platform, Cisco DNA Center appliance machine ID) Connectivity with Cisco DNA Center Operational metrics (CPU, memory, file system, uptime) for pods Signed End-User License Agreement (EULA) flag Application stack and packages deployed 	Identify potential issues in customers' environments to prevent problems and improve the product
Feature usage	 Customer dwell time in application UI pages Site_member_details: Name of site, instance UUID of device, support level of device, device family, and host name Assurance usage: number of sites, area, building, floor, wireless LAN controller (WLC), switch, Access Point (AP), number of clients (wired and wireless) and health score, sensor counts, sensor tests count, AI network analytics configuration flag, AP count with RF stats enabled, number of anomaly captures enabled, number of data packet captures enabled, and network telemetry max input rate (NetFlow, syslogs, traps) SD-Access usage: number of fabrics created, number of fabric domains per domain type, number of devices per fabric role by site, number of clients on fabric, number of access contracts, number of scalable group tags, number of virtual networks by site, number of IP pools, number of SSIDs, Cisco ISE version and status, number of group-based policies, number of abric, number of each transit type, number of rogue AP/client messages, number of fabric sites by authentication mode, and number of ports by static port assignment Automation usage: number of golden images and image repository details, number of successful/failed image activations and/or distributions, number of favorite application policies created and/or deployed, number of favorite applications, number of custom applications (sets), number of consumer applications, number of dueueing profiles, device controllability check, site area/building/floor counts, number of devices in each policy, number of data packet and/or deployed, number of devices by type and successes/failures per devices proves for succes, number of devices, n	Facilitate customer adoption and customer value

Category	Data elements	Purpose of collection
	 Analytics registration status, number of devices by SSA-enabled status, number of devices with security advisory match, number of security advisory scans, vManage integration status, MRE root cause analysis count and duration, number of MRE user feedbacks, number of devices with CVSS scores, number of devices by replacement status, WAB SDG node count, number of onboarding templates created and provisioned successfully on devices, number of devices with templates applied, and number of network profiles by site and namespace Cisco DNA Center as a Platform usage: number of event subscriptions by state, DaaS-runtime usage 	
Network device inventory and license entitlement	 Network device inventory (serial number, software version, platform ID, and reachability errors). Number of devices per device support level, number of devices per device role, number of port types per device type, IDP instances enabled, number of devices by Ethernet channel control method, number of devices by acltype associated site information, uptime in days by device type, host count by device type, and number of devices by configuration type License entitlement information (network device type, Cisco Smart Software 	Assist customers in tracking and maintaining license entitlement and renewals
	Manager registration status, Cisco DNA Center subscription level, hardware support contract coverage, and number of days until license expires)	

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